Amendments to the claims:

Please amend the claims as indicated below. This listing of claims replaces all earlier versions of the claims in the application:

1. (Previously presented) A compound of the formula I,

in which:

R(1) is C(O)OR(9) or C(O)NR(12)R(13);

R(9) is C_xH_{2x} -R(14);

x is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, where x cannot be 0 if R(14) is OR(15);

R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms. CF₃, OR(15) or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substitutents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac$

CF3, OCF3, CN, COOMe, CONH2, COMe, OH, alkyl

having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonylamino;

R(15) is alkyl having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl.

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2

substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

- R(12) is defined as R(9);
- R(13) is hydrogen;
- R(2) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms or CF₃;
- R(3) is C_vH_{2v} -R(16);
 - y is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, where y cannot be 0 if R(16) is OR(17) or SO₂Me;
 - R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or 11 carbon atoms, CF₃, C₂F₅, C₃F₇, CH₂F, CHF₂, OR(17), SO₂Me, phenyl or naphthyl.

where phenyl and naphthyl are unsubstituted or substituted by 1. 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms.

dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

 $R(17) \quad \text{is hydrogen, alkyl having } 1, 2, 3, 4 \text{ or } 5 \text{ carbon atoms, cycloalkyl} \\$

having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF3 or phenyl,

substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino:

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3

or

R(3) is CHR(18)R(19);

R(18) is hydrogen or C_2H_{2r} -R(16), where R(16) is defined as indicated above: z is 0. 1. 2 or 3:

R(19) is COOH, CONH₂, CONR(20)R(21), COOR(22) or CH₂OH;

R(20) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms, C_vH_{2v}-CF₃ or C_wH_{2w}-phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

v is 0, 1, 2 or 3; w is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R(21) is hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms;

R(22) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms;

R(4) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms or CF₃;

R(5), R(6), R(7) and R(8)

independently of one another are hydrogen, F, Cl, Br, I, CF3, NO2, CN, COOMe,

CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl or methylsulfonylamino; and

R(30) and R(31)

independently of one another are hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 1, in which

R(1) is C(O)OR(9) or C(O)NR(12)R(13);

R(9) is C_xH_{2x} -R(14);

- x is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, where x cannot be 0 if R(14) is OR(15);
- R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃, OR(15) or phenyl.

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

R(15) is alkyl having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

- R(12) is defined as R(9);
- R(13) is hydrogen;
- R(2) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms or CF₃;
- R(3) is C_yH_{2y} -R(16);
 - y is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, where y cannot be 0 if R(16) is OR(17);
 - R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9

carbon atoms, CF3, C2F5, OR(17) or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

R(17) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonylamino:

or

R(3) is CHR(18)R(19);

R(18) is hydrogen or C_zH_{2z}-R(16), where R(16) is defined as indicated in claim 1 above;

z is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R(19) is CONH2, CONR(20)R(21), COOR(22) or CH2OH;

R(20) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms, C_vH_{2v} -CF₃ or C_wH_{2w} -phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3

or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

v is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

w is 0, 1, 2 or 3:

R(21) is hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms;

R(22) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms:

R(4) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms or CF₃; and

R(5), R(6), R(7) and R(8)

independently of one another are hydrogen, F, Cl, Br, CF2, NO2, CN, COOMe,

CONH2, COMe, NH2, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3

or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl or methylsulfonylamino; and

R(30) and R(31)

independently of one another are hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms.

- 3. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 2, in which:
- R(1) is C(O)OR(9) or C(O)NR(12)R(13);
 - R(9) is C_xH_{2x} -R(14):
 - x is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, where x cannot be 0 if R(14) is OR(15):
 - R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃, OR(15) or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substitutents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CP₃, OCF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl

having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino; R(15) is alkyl having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₂ or phenyl.

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F,

Cl, Br, CF3, CN, COOMe, CONH2, COMe, OH,

alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

- R(12) is defined as R(9);
- R(13) is hydrogen;
- R(2) is hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms;
- R(3) is CHR(18)R(19);
 - R(18) is hydrogen or C_zH_{2z}-R(16);

z is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R(19) is CONH₂, CONR(20)R(21), COOR(22) or CH₂OH;

R(20) is hydrogen, alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms, C_vH_{2v} -CF₃ or C_wH_{2w} -phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by $1,2~{\rm or}~3$ substituents selected from the group consisting of F,Cl,Br,

CF3, OCF3, CN, COOMe, CONH2, COMe, OH, alkyl having

1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

v is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

w is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

- R(21) is hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms;
- R(22) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms;

> R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃, OR(17) or phenyl.

> > where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonylamino methylsulfonylamino;

R(17) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfarnoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino:

 $R(4) = is \ hydrogen \ or \ alkyl \ having \ 1 \ or \ 2 \ carbon \ atoms; \ and$

R(5), R(6), R(7) and R(8)

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independently of one another are hydrogen, F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl or methylsulfonylamino; and R(30) and R(31)

independently of one another are hydrogen or methyl.

4. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 2, in which:

is C(O)OR(9) or C(O)NR(12)R(13);

R(9) is C_xH_{2x} -R(14);

- x is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4, where x cannot be 0 if R(14) is OR(15);
 - R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃, OR(15) or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br,

CF3, OCF3, CN, COOMe, CONH2, COMe, OH, alkyl

having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

R(15) is alkyl having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CP₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

- R(12) is defined as R(9);
- R(13) is hydrogen;
- R(2) is hydrogen or alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms;
- R(3) is C_vH_{2v} -R(16);
 - y is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,
 where y cannot be 0 if R(16) is OR(17);
 - R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃, OR(17) or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, OCF₃, CN,

> COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino:

R(17) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br,

CF3, OCF3, NO2, CN, COOMe, CONH2, COMe, OH, alkyl

having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;

R(4) is hydrogen or alkyl having 1 or 2 carbon atoms;

R(5), R(6), R(7) and R(8)

independently of one another are hydrogen, F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂,

COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon
atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl or methylsulfonylamino; and

R(30) and R(31)

independently of one another are hydrogen or methyl.

- 5. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 4, in which:
- R(1) is C(O)OR(9) or C(O)NR(12)R(13);

R(9) is C_xH_{2x} -R(14);

x is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl, where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF₃, OCF₃, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms:

R(12) is defined as R(9):

R(13) is hydrogen;

R(2) is hydrogen;

R(3) is $C_vH_{2v}-R(16)$;

y is 0, 1 or 2:

R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CP3 or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF₃, OCF₃, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms;

R(4) is hydrogen; and

R(5), R(6), R(7) and R(8)

independently of one another are hydrogen, F, CF $_3$, CN, COOMe, CONH $_2$, NH $_2$, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms or alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms; and

R(30) and R(31)

independently of one another are hydrogen or methyl.

- 6. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 5, in which:
- R(1) is C(O)OR(9);
 - R(9) is C_xH_{2x} -R(14):
 - x is 0, 1, 2 or 3;
 - R(14) is cycloalkyl having 5 or 6 carbon atoms or phenyl,
 where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2
 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF₃,
 OCF₃, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having
 1 or 2 carbon atoms:
- R(2) is hydrogen;
- R(3) is C_yH_{2y} -R(16);

y is 0, 1 or 2;

R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF_3 , OCF_3 , alkyl having

1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms;

R(4) is hydrogen; and

R(5), R(6), R(7) and R(8)

independently of one another are hydrogen, F, CF₃, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms or alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms; and

R(30) and R(31)

are hydrogen.

- (Original) A pharmaceutical composition, comprising an effective amount of at least one compound as claimed in claim 1 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle or additive.
- (Original) A pharmaceutical composition as claimed in claim 7, which further comprises one or more other pharmacologically active compounds.
 - 9 10. (Canceled)
- 11. (Currently amended) A method for the treatment of a re-entry appthenia arrelytomia, which comprises administering to a host in need thereof an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.
- (Currently amended) A method for the treatment of a supraventricular anythmiagnitylama, which comprises administering to a host in need thereof an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.

- 13. (Previously presented) A method for the treatment of atrial fibriliation or atrial flutter, which comprises administering to a host in need thereof an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.
- 14. (Previously presented A method for terminating existing atrial fibrillation or flutter to restore sinus rhythm, which comprises administering to a host in need thereof an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.
 - 15 22. (Canceled)
- 23. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 4, in which: R(30) and R(31) are both hydrogen;
- R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃, OR(15) or phenyl where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino;
- R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₂, OR(17) or phenyl.

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, CN, COOMe, CONH₂, COMe, NH₂, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonylamino; and

- R(17) is alkyl having 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,
 - where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1, 2 or 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, CF₃, NO₂, CN, COOMe, CONH₂.

COMe, OH, alkyl having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, alkoxy having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, dimethylamino, sulfamoyl, methylsulfonyl and methylsulfonyl-amino.

- (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 5, in which:
 R(30) and R(31) are both hydrogen;
- R(14) is cycloalkyl having 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl, where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF₃, OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms; and
- R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF_3 , OH, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms.

- 25. (Previously presented) A compound as claimed in claim 6, in which:
- R(14) is cycloalkyl having 5 or 6 carbon atoms or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF₃, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms; and

R(16) is alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 5 or 6 carbon atoms, CF₃ or phenyl,

where phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted by 1 or 2 substituents selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, CF₃, alkyl having 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms and alkoxy having 1 or 2 carbon atoms.

26. (Original) A method for preventing the re-occurrence of arrhythmias, which comprises administering to a host in need thereof an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.